





Sheep Feed Options in Mixed Farming Systems Hamish Dickson





EVENT SUPPORTERS:







Introduction

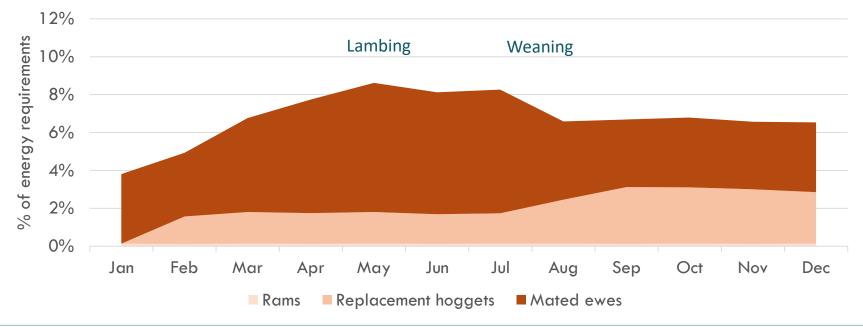
- Understanding your enterprise demands
- Identifying feed options suited to your environment
- How to compare different feed options
- Production vs utilisation
- Dry seasons use of containment





Demands of your livestock enterprise

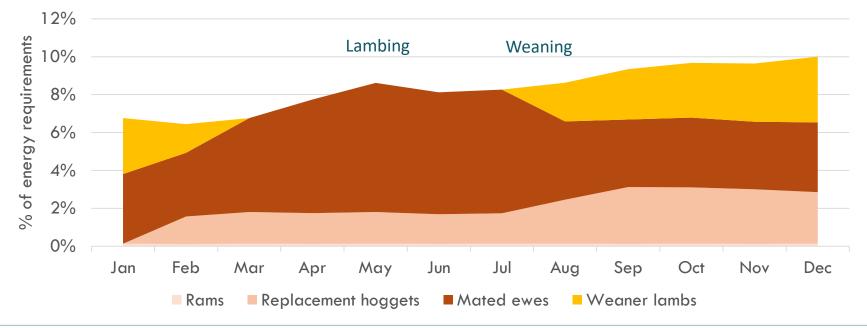
Must know requirements of enterprise to assess most profitable feed options





Demands of your livestock enterprise

Must know requirements of enterprise to assess most profitable feed options



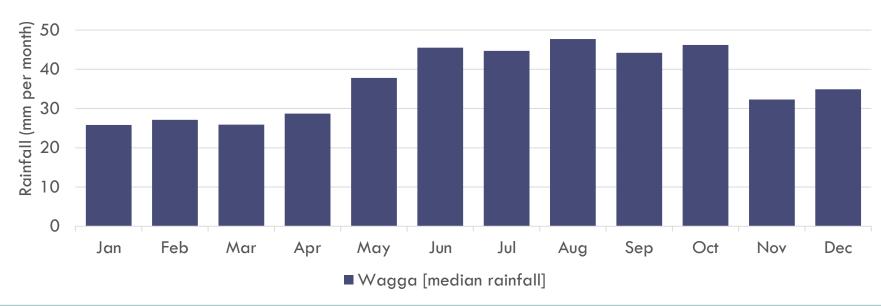




Driver of production

What drives feed production?

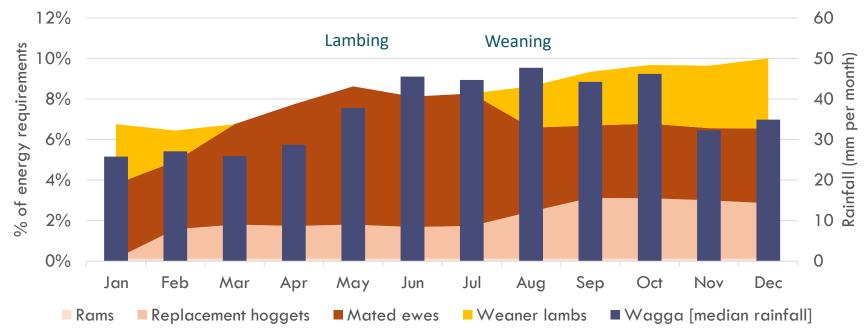






Driver of production

Bringing it together







Quantity – kg DM/ha Quality – Energy, Protein, Fibre, Moisture [Feed tests] Cost - \$/t DM

Per hectare productivity most important!

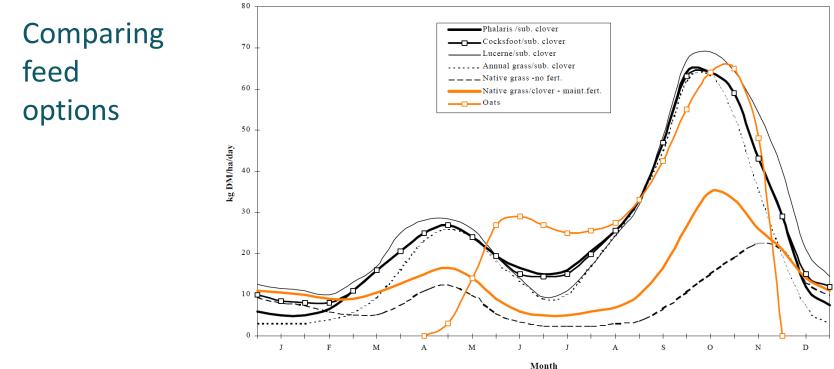












Southern Tablelands NSW

Source: Matching pasture production to livestock enterprises. Agnote DPI 213





Destance									-		t t													
Pasture	J	AN	FE	ΞB	M	AR	A	PR	M	AY	JL	JN	JL	JL	AL	JG	SE	:P	0	CT	NC	V	DE	С
Native summer grasses																								
Microlaena/danthonia/sub clover																								
Summer grass/sub clover																								
Cocksfoot//sub clover																								
Phalaris/sub clover																								
Lucerne																								
Annual grass/sub clover																								
Lucerne/sub clover																								
Forage crops																								
Japanese/shirohie millet																								
Oats																								
Brassicas (mid September sown)																								
Short term ryegrass (autumn sown)																								
Short term ryegrass (spring sown)																								
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Southern Tablelands NSW

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- Riverine Plain (South West Plains) Cropping Belt

Dryland Pastures	JAN	JAN	FEB	FEB	MAR	MAR	APR	APR	MAY	MAY	JUN	JUN	JUL	JUL	AUG	AUG	SEP	SEP	OCT	OCT	NOV	NOV	DEC	DEC
Lucerne - semi dormant												////	/////	////										
Annual grass/sub clover																								
Lucerne/sub clover												/////												
Forage Crops																								
Oats (grain recovery)																								
Irrigated Pastures																								
Lucerne - winter active																								
Annual pasture																								

Riverine plains

Source: Matching pasture production to livestock enterprises. Agnote DPI 213





"On the basis of the recent evaluations, tall fescue seems to be a species that is generally overrated in the market-place, in southern NSW at least."

SOURCE: Hayes RC, Li GD, Hackney BF (2012).Perennial pasture species for the mixed farming zone of southern NSW - We don't have many options. In Driving your landscape to success - Managing a grazing business for profit in the agricultural landscape. Proceedings of the 27th annual conference of The Grassland Society of NSW Inc., pp 92-100 (Eds C. Harris, G. Lodge and C. Waters). Wagga Wagga, 24-26 July: The Grassland Society of NSW Inc., Orange.





Production vs utilisation

Increasing utilisation

- 1. Driving intake
 - 1. Quality
 - 2. Quantity
- 2. Utilisation
 - 1. Grazing management
 - 2. Productive sheep

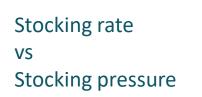




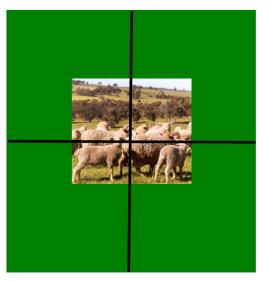


Production vs utilisation

Utilisation can significantly increase carrying capacity and productivity!



60 ha paddock - 600 DSE



60 ha

Stocking Rate = 10 DSE/ ha Stocking Pressure = 10 DSE/ ha

30 ha Stocking Rate = 10 DSE / ha Stocking Pressure = 20 DSE/ ha

15 ha Stocking Rate = 10 DSE / ha Stocking Pressure = 40 DSE/ ha





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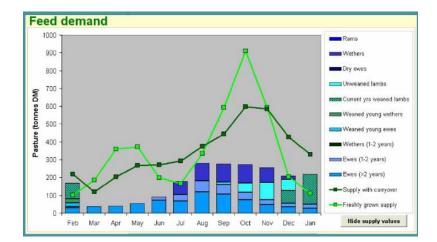




Feed budgeting

- What is feed budgeting
- Why

Proactive management Minimise supplementary feeding Maximise pasture productivity and maintain ground cover Good business! Stocking rate is the highest profit driver



- How

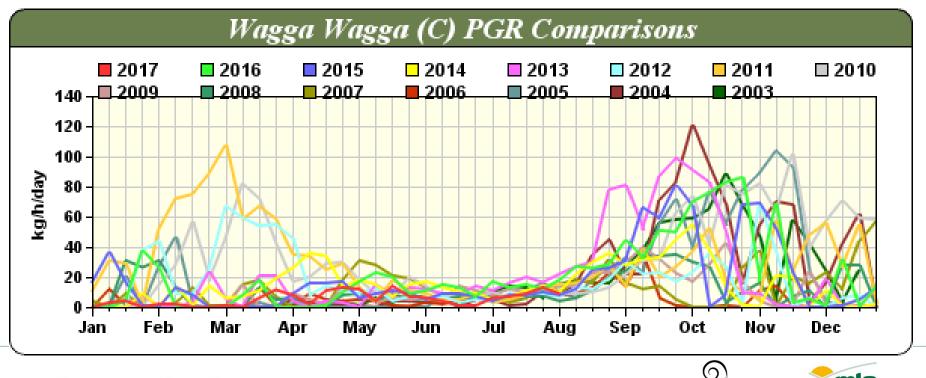
SUPPLY = PGR (+ FOO)
DEMAND = DSE's of all classes on farm
BALANCE

4. QUALITY



Feed deficit

2017 Autumn/Winter



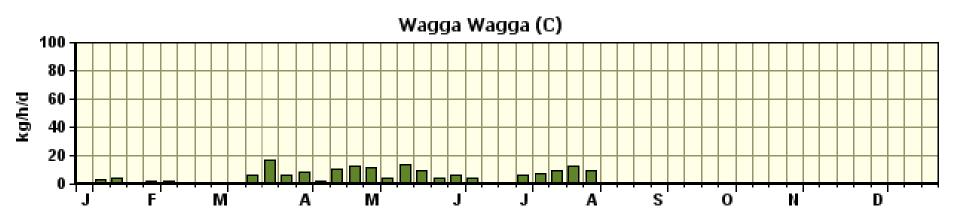
mla

MEAT & LIVESTOCK AUSTRALIA

AWI Australian Wool

Feed deficit

2017 Autumn/Winter





Feed deficit

2017 Autumn/Winter

Option to either feed, sell or agist

If feeding, use of containment can be profitable and productive





What, Where, Why, How?



Key messages

- 1. Compare pastures based on their productivity, quality and water use efficiency
- 2. Use feed budgeting and rotational grazing to increase fodder utilisation and productivity
- 3. Use sown feed options to boost feed production and carryover feed
- 4. Think per hectare, not per head
- 5. Consider use of containment areas when paddock feed is limited



Available Resources

- Making More from Sheep Manual
- MLA; Feed Demand Calculator
- **Evergraze; Stocking Rate Calculator**
- **Eyre Peninsula NRM**

Groups – Lifetime Ewe Management

Advisors

Hamish Dickson; 0427 446 499







Australian Woot Innovation (AWI) and Meat and Livesterk Australia (MLA) have remed forces to devote Making Male Flow Elvests, a trest process package of information, texis and rearrang opportunities for Acabekan sheep producers.

Airward 250 leading sheep producers and lectrical experts helped develop the 11 linked reculates in the manual, which cover as bects ranging from solts and pasture to wool and meet marketing, animal health, genetics and farm successfully by

This website contains all the content within the Making More From Steep manual and ed-row, and a segives you internation about upcoming Marking More Prent Streep tarunis, workshops and other learning Alt for best

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